- (a) State plan requirements for excluding providers for fraud and abuse, and suspending practitioners convicted of program-related crimes.
- (b) The limitations on FFP for services furnished by excluded providers or suspended practitioners.
- (c) The requirements and procedures for reinstatement after exclusion or suspension.
- (d) Requirements for the establishment and operation of State Medicaid fraud control units and the rates of FFP for their fraud control activities.

[51 FR 34788, Sept. 30, 1986]

## Subpart A—Medicaid Agency Fraud Detection and Investigation Program

### §455.12 State plan requirement.

A State plan must meet the requirements of §§ 455.13 through 455.23.

[52 FR 48817, Dec. 28, 1987]

# § 455.13 Methods for identification, investigation, and referral.

The Medicaid agency must have—

- (a) Methods and criteria for identifying suspected fraud cases;
- (b) Methods for investigating these cases that—
- (1) Do not infringe on the legal rights of persons involved; and
- (2) Afford due process of law; and
- (c) Procedures, developed in cooperation with State legal authorities, for referring suspected fraud cases to law enforcement officials.

[43 FR 45262, Sept. 29, 1978, as amended at 48 FR 3755, Jan. 27, 1983]

#### §455.14 Preliminary investigation.

If the agency receives a complaint of Medicaid fraud or abuse from any source or identifies any questionable practices, it must conduct a preliminary investigation to determine whether there is sufficient basis to warrant a full investigation.

[48 FR 3756, Jan. 27, 1983]

#### § 455.15 Full investigation.

If the findings of a preliminary investigation give the agency reason to believe that an incident of fraud or abuse has occurred in the Medicaid program,

the agency must take the following action, as appropriate:

- (a) If a provider is suspected of fraud or abuse, the agency must—
- (1) In States with a State Medicaid fraud control unit certified under subpart C of part 1002 of this title, refer the case to the unit under the terms of its agreement with the unit entered into under §1002.309 of this title; or
- (2) In States with no certified Medicaid fraud control unit, or in cases where no referral to the State Medicaid fraud control unit is required under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, conduct a full investigation or refer the case to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
- (b) If there is reason to believe that a beneficiary has defrauded the Medicaid program, the agency must refer the case to an appropriate law enforcement agency.
- (c) If there is reason to believe that a beneficiary has abused the Medicaid program, the agency must conduct a full investigation of the abuse.

[48 FR 3756, Jan. 27, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 34788, Sept. 30, 1986]

# § 455.16 Resolution of full investigation.

- A full investigation must continue until—  $\,$
- (a) Appropriate legal action is initiated:
- (b) The case is closed or dropped because of insufficient evidence to support the allegations of fraud or abuse; or
- (c) The matter is resolved between the agency and the provider or beneficiary. This resolution may include but is not limited to—
- (1) Sending a warning letter to the provider or beneficiary, giving notice that continuation of the activity in question will result in further action;
- (2) Suspending or terminating the provider from participation in the Medicaid program;
- (3) Seeking recovery of payments made to the provider; or
- (4) Imposing other sanctions provided under the State plan.

 $[43\ FR\ 45262,\ Sept.\ 29,\ 1978,\ as\ amended\ at\ 48\ FR\ 3756,\ Jan.\ 27,\ 1983]$